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#### **AUDIO VIDEO TRACKING SHEET**

**FOOT PURSUIT EVALUATION FORM** 

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT ON USE OF FORCE FORM (SH-R-438P)

#### **INVESTIGATIVE SUMMARY**

#### INTERVIEW TRANSCRIPTS AND AUDIOS (COMPACT DISC)

ty Isaac Chavez
ty
ty
Unit Interview)
IAB Interview)

9a. Suspect Randy Dukes (Unit Interview)

9b. Suspect Randy Dukes (IAB Interview)

#### EXHIBITS

- A Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department URN # 920-05800-1443-091
  - Four (4) Supplemental Reports authored by:
    - a) Deputy Isaac Chavez on June 27, 2020
    - b) Deputy on June 27, 2020 on June 27, 2020
    - d) Deputy Vincent Rodriguez on June 27, 2020
  - One (1) Incident Report (SH-R-49) authored by Deputy Isaac Chavez on June 12, 2020

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#### **EXHIBITS (CONTINUED)**

#### A (CONTINUED)

- Two (2) Supplemental Reports authored by:
  - a) Deputy Steven Williams on June 12, 2020
  - b) Detective Matthew Moore on June 12, 2020
- Two (2) Vehicle Reports (CHP-180) authored by Deputy Mario Marquez on June 9, 2020, and Deputy Chavez on June 12, 2020
- B Foot Pursuit Memorandum Authored by Lieutenant Julie Geary on June 27, 2020, and a Diagram of the Foot Pursuit Route
- C Suspect Randy Dukes' Criminal History and Booking Information
  - Los Angeles Regional Identification System (LARCIS) Booking Photograph and Record for Booking #5961986
  - Los Angeles County Jail Booking and Property Record (SH-J294) for Suspect Randy Dukes on June 27, 2020, including required booking screening and questionnaires
  - Department of Motor Vehicles Records (CDL#
  - Consolidated Criminal History Reporting System (CCHRS)
    Information (CII#
  - Record of Arrests and Prosecutions (RAPS) Information
    (CII#
- D Suspect Randy Dukes' Medical Records
  - IAB Confidential Medical Records Advisement
  - IAB Medical Information Release Authorization
  - Queen of the Valley Hospital Records for Suspect Dukes under Medical Record # dated June 27, 2020
- E Three Photographs of Suspect Randy Dukes' Injury
- F Two (2) DVDs containing Digital Photograph, Audio, and Video files
  - Disc 1 (Walgreens, D.J. Bibingkahan, and High-tech Task Force Video surveillance footage)
  - Disc 2 (Radio Traffic Records, Video Interviews, ITMS jail calls, Photographs, etc.)
- G Diagram used during Deputy Chavez' IAB Interview
- H Diagram used during Deputy [138] !AB Interview
- I Diagram used during Deputy 14B Interview

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) FO 2512129

#### **EXHIBITS (CONTINUED)**

J Diagram used in Suspect Dukes' IAB Interview

#### MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

Photograph of Suspect Dukes' Cell Phone Call Log on June 27, 2020

Saturday, June 27, 2020, PM Shift In-Service—Industry Station

Summer No Call Unit Roster, dated June 27, 2020—Industry Station

Deputy Daily Work Sheets (DDWS) for Deputies Chavez, and dated, June 27, 2020

Unit History Reports for Deputies Chavez, and dated June 27, 2020

Incident History Report for Industry Station Incident #IDT20179-0248

Certification of Records (SCC Radio Traffic), dated July 1, 2020

California Commission on POST Training Records (Confidential Profile Reports) for Deputies Chavez, and

#### Los Angeles County Sheriff's epartment Supervisor's Report on Use of Force Pa

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Incident Information URN: 9 2 0 - 0 5 8 0 0 - 1 4 4 3 -Date: 06/27/2020 Time: 1851 hours Location: 1515 East Amar Road City or Station: West Covina Bureau/Station/Facility: Industry Station YES NO Admin, Investigation: Type of Force: Team Takedown / Control Holds / Personal Weapons / Resisted Handcuffing Incident Category: YES NO Suspect Injury ()1 ()2 3 Deputy Injury: YES NO Call X Observation Detail X Foot Pursuit Vehicle Pursuit IAB Notified: YES NO Person Notified: Lt. Deryl Walker II IAB Roll Out ● YES ○ NO Emp: Involved Employee Last Name First Name Middle I. H. Rank DSG E1 Chavez Isaac Sex: Height: Weight: Race: Age: Shift: OEM ODay ( PM Regular Shift O OT Shift O Off Duty ● M ○ F 210 5-10 Unit of Assignment: Work Assignment (Unit #, Module, etc.): Industry Station Unit 144E2 Individual Force Used: Individual Category C Directed C Rescue C Medical Assist 01 ③3 Personal Weapons / Control Holds 02 Coroner Case # Treated Admitted Injured Facility: Employee # Last Name Middle I. **First Name** Rank DSG  $E^2$ Sex Race: Height: Weight: Age: ○ EM Day PM Regular Shift OT Shift Off Duty 6-01 180 Work Assignment (Unit #, Module, etc.): Unit of Assignment: Unit 143K7 Industry Station Individual Force Used: Individual Category C Directed C Rescue C Medical Assist Personal Weapons / Control Holds / Resisted Handcuffing O1 **@**2 Coroner Case # Treated Admitted Injured Facility: Last Name First Name Middle I. Rank DSG E3 Race: Height: Weight: Age: ○ EM ○ Day ● PM Regular Shift OT Shift Off Duty ● M ○ F 230 6-02 Work Assignment (Unit #, Module, etc.): Unit of Assignment: Unit 141D Industry Station Individual Force Used: Individual Category C Directed C Rescue C Medical Assist Control Holds 1 02 Coroner Case # Injured Treated Admitted Facility: Additional Involved Employees On Duty Supervisor Emp. # Witness to Incident Last Name First Name Middle I. Present Rank SGT ES O NO YES O NO . Supervisor Completing Investigation Emp. # Last Name Witness to Incident Middle I. Rank Rose Michael SGT YES () NO ( YES ( NO ( Watch Commander / Supervising Lieutenant Last Name Walker II Emp. # Rank **First Name** Dervi 09/20/20 Watch Commander / Supervising Lieutenant's Signature: Copy Provided to Employee by: Emp #: Captain William E. Jaeger Unit Commander (Print Name) Unit Commander's Signature: Emp#: Original: Discovery Unit ☐ PPI REVIEW COMPLETED FO# Copy: Unit Commander SH-R-438P (Rev. 01/13)

## Supervisor's Report on Use of Force SUSPECT INFORMATION

920-05800-1443-091

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				Suspe	t Informatio	n			
S 1	Last Name Dukes		First Name	Randy		Middle Name NMN	Armed? Not Arme		
	AKA Last Name				Name	IAIAIIA	30		
	Sex: Rac	æ: Age:	Height:	Weight	D.O.B:	Phone #1: O H O W		#2: • H O W O C	
	Male    Fernale    H		6-03	250	10/11/89	Filotie #1. O II O W	e C Filone	#2. OH OW OL	
	Street Address:				City:		State & Zip C	Code:	
	Booking #: 5061096 F	rimary Char	ne Code:		- Const	Idag Charas Cada			
	3901900			10851(a	,	ndary Charge Code: 14	8(a)(1) PC	★ Criminal History	
	Treated on Scene?   YES	ONO Na	me: West	Covina	Fire Dept	Unit: Unknown	Phone #:	(626)939-8425	
	Hospital Admission? Rec'd	d Treatment.	At: Queen	of the V	alley Hp. o	oroner Case #:	Mental i	distory User's guide provides direction on this entry	
	By: P/A	<u> </u>	Address: 1	115 S. S	unset Ave.	, West Covina, CA	Phone #:	(626) 962-4011	
	Under Influence: YES	NO S	ubstance:			5150 a factor in f	orce? YES	NO User's guide provides direction on this entry	
	Date: 06/28/20 Time:(	0115hrs	X Audio	tape: X	Videotape:	X Photos of Inju	ıries:	ADMITS HEARING ANNOUNCEMENTS	
	Last Name		First Name	Susp	ect Informati		Armod?	Salast	
5_/	Lost Ivaling		riistrianie			Middle Name	Armed?	Select	
	AKA Last Name			First	Name		Middle Name		
- 1	Sex: Rac	e: Age:	Height:	D.O.B.	Weight:	Phone #1: O H O W	O C Phone	#2: O H O W O C	
	Male Female								
	Street Address:				City:		State & Zip 0	Code:	
	Booking #: F	Primary Char	ge Code:		Secon	ndary Charge Code:	Criminal History		
	Treated on Scene? YES	O NO E	Зу:			Unit:	Phone #:		
	Hospital Admission? Rec's	d Treatment	At:		C	oroner Case #:	Mental I	History User's guida provides direction on this entry	
	By:		Address: Substance:			Phone #:			
	Under Influence: YES	ONO S				5150 a factor in force?		YES NO User's guide provides direction on this entry	
	Date: Time:		Audiot	_	Videotape:	Photos of Inju	ries:	ADMITS HEARING ANNOUNCEMENTS	
. /	Last Name		First Name	Suspe	t Informatio	n Middle Name	Armed?	Select	
3_									
	AKA Last Name			First	Name		Middle Name		
	Sex: Rac	e: Age:	Height:	D.O.B.	Weight:	Phone #1: O H O W	O C Phone	#2: O H O W O C	
ı	Male Female Street Address:		1		City:	<u> </u>	State & Zip C	'oda:	
- [	Officer Address.				City.		State d Zip C	.006.	
	Booking #: P	Primary Char	rge Code: Sec			ndary Charge Code:		Criminal History	
- 1	Treated on Scene? YES	O NO E	Ву:	Unit:			Phone #:		
ſ	Hospital Admission? Rec'd	Treatment.	At:		С	oroner Case #:	Mental I	listory User's guide provides direction on this entry	
	Ву:		Address:				Phone #:		
		`				5150 a factor in f	orce? O VES	NO User's guide provides direction on this entry	
	Under Influence: YES	)NO S	ubstance:		100	3 130 a lactor in l	orde: O TES	O INO direction on this entry	
	Under Influence: YES (Date: Time:	)NO S	Audiot	ape:	Videotape:	Photos of Inju	urios:	ADMITS HEARING ANNOUNCEMENTS	

# pervisor's Report on Use of Perce EMPLOYEE / NON-EMPLOYEE INFORMATION - Continuation

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			Employee Witness	es		rugo o or 4
Emp. #	Last Name		First Name		Middle Name	e
Unit of Assignment:		Work Assignment (U	nit #, Module, etc.):	Shift: Day OF	PM Regul	ar OT Off Duty
Emp. #	Last Name		First Name	10200	Middle Name	
Unit of Assignment:		Work Assignment (Un	nit #, Module, etc.):	Shift: O EM O Day OF	PM Pagul	ar OT Off Duty
Emp. #	Last Name		First Name	102,00	Middle Name	
Unit of Assignment:		Work Assignment (U	nit #, Module, etc.):	Shift: O EM O Day OF	PM Pagui	ar OT Off Duty
			Non-Employee Witne		O Kegui	ai Ooi Ooii buty
Last Name		First Name	Ton-Emproyee Withe	Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name						
Last Name		. First Name		Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name	N/A	ge D.O.B.
Street Address	***		City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name	- /	Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name		Age D.O.B.
Street Address	1		City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2
Last Name		First Name		Middle Name	A	Age D.O.B.
Street Address			City	Zip Code	Phone #1	Phone #2

Supervisor's Report on Use of Porce 9 2 0 - 0 5 8 0 0 - 1 4 4 3 - 0 9 1

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#### Method

Arwen	(FH)	Firearm (Handgun)	(PO)	Personal Weapon (Other)
Baton: (Control)	(FR)	Firearm (Rifle)	1	Resistance
Baton: (Impact)	(FS)	Firearm (Shotgun)	(RO)	Restraint Device (Other)
Bodily Fluids	(FO)	Firearm (Other)	(RH)	Restraint Device (Handcuffs)
Canine	(FB)	Flashbang		Restraint Device: Hobble (Legs Only)
Carotid Restraint	(FL)	Flashlight	(TP)	Restraint Device: Hobble (TARP)
Choke Hold	(OE)	Other Weapon: Edged	(RE)	Restraint Device: REACT Belt
Control Holds: (Control Techniques)	(OV)	Other Weapon: Vehicle	(SP)	Sap
Control Holds: (Team Takedown)			(SH)	Shield
Control Holds: (Takedown)	(00)	Other Weapon: Other	(IR)	Less Lethal Impact Round (other)
Chemical	(PK)	Personal Weapon: Feet/Leg: (Kick)	(SB)	Sting Ball
Chemical Agents (OC Spray)	(PS)	Personal Weapon: Feet/Leg: (Sweep)	(ST)	Stun Bag
Chemical Agents (Tear Gas)	(PH)	Personal Weapon (Hand/Arm)	(TR)	Taser
Explosives	(PP)	Personal Weapon (Push)	(UC)	Uncooperative
			(HR)	High Risk
	Baton: (Impact) Bodily Fluids Canine Carotid Restraint Choke Hold Control Holds: (Control Techniques) Control Holds: (Team Takedown) Control Holds: (Takedown) Chemical Chemical Agents (OC Spray) Chemical Agents (Tear Gas)	Baton: (Control) (FR) Baton: (Impact) (FS) Bodily Fluids (FO) Canine (FB) Carotid Restraint (FL) Choke Hold (OE) Control Holds: (Control Techniques) (OV) Control Holds: (Team Takedown) (OB) Control Holds: (Takedown) (OO) Chemical (PK) Chemical Agents (OC Spray) (PS) Chemical Agents (Tear Gas) (PH)	Baton: (Control) (FR) Firearm (Rifle) Baton: (Impact) (FS) Firearm (Shotgun) Bodily Fluids (FO) Firearm (Other) Canine (FB) Flashbang Carotid Restraint (FL) Flashlight Choke Hold (OE) Other Weapon: Edged Control Holds: (Control Techniques) (OV) Other Weapon: Vehicle Control Holds: (Taem Takedown) (OB) Other Weapon: Blunt Object Control Holds: (Takedown) (OO) Other Weapon: Other Chemical (PK) Personal Weapon: Feet/Leg: (Kick) Chemical Agents (Tear Gas) (PH) Personal Weapon (Hand/Arm)	Baton: (Control)         (FR)         Firearm (Rifle)         (RS)           Baton: (Impact)         (FS)         Firearm (Shotgun)         (RO)           Bodily Fluids         (FO)         Firearm (Other)         (RH)           Canine         (FB)         Flashbang         (HB)           Carotid Restraint         (FL)         Flashlight         (TP)           Choke Hold         (OE)         Other Weapon: Edged         (RE)           Control Holds: (Control Techniques)         (OV)         Other Weapon: Vehicle         (SP)           Control Holds: (Team Takedown)         (OB)         Other Weapon: Blunt Object         (SH)           Control Holds: (Takedown)         (OO)         Other Weapon: Other         (IR)           Chemical         (PK)         Personal Weapon: Feet/Leg: (Kick)         (SB)           Chemical Agents (OC Spray)         (PS)         Personal Weapon: Hand/Arm)         (TR)           Chemical Agents (Tear Gas)         (PH)         Personal Weapon (Push)         (UC)

Type of Injury					Bod	y Part Invo	lved			
(AB) Abrasion (BR) Bruise (BU) Burn (CP) Complaint of Pain (CO) Concussion (DH) Death (DI) Dislocation	(FR) (GS) (HB) (LC) (ND)	Dog Bite Fractures Gunshot Human Bite Lacerations Nerve Damage Organ Damage	(SD) (ST) (UN) (RM)	Paralysis Puncture Wound Soft Tissue Damage Sprain/Twists Unconscious Refused Med Treatment NONE		Abdomen Ankle Arm Back Buttocks Chest Elbow	(FE) (FI) (GE) (GR) (HD)	Face Feet Fingers Genitals Groin Hands Head	(E) (EX) (LE) (SE) (SE) (SE)	Hip Internal Knees Leg Neck Nose Shoulde Wrist

FORCE USED	BY	FORCE USED A	Method	Type of Injury	Body Part	
Name	E# or S#	Name	E# or S#	(Code)	(Code)	(Code)
Dukes	S#1	Chavez	E#1	UC	NN	
Dukes	S#1		E#2	HR	NN	
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	CH	NN	AR
Dukes	S#1		E#2	RS	NN	
Dukes	S#1		E#2	PO	NN	CH
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	PO	NN	AD
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	PH	NN	AD
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	TT	NN	
	E#3	Dukes	S#1	TT	NN	
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	PH	NN	BK
	E#3	Dukes	S#1	CT	NN	BK
Chavez	E#1	Dukes	S#1	PK	LC	HE
Chavez	E#1	Dukes	S#1	PP	BR	FA
	E#2	Dukes	S#1	RH	NN	WR

## COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

#### INVESTIGATIVE SUMMARY

INCIDENT:

Category-3 Use-of-force; Kick Delivered to a Suspect's Head while in a Prone Position, Deliberate Striking of a

Suspect's Head against a Hard Object

IAB FILE NUMBER:

FO 2512129

URN #:

920-05800-1443-091

DATE/TIME:

June 27, 2020, 1851 hours

LOCATION:

1515 East Amar Road, West Covina

#### SYNOPSIS

On Saturday, June 27, 2020, an Internal Affairs Bureau (IAB) Shooting/Force Roll-out team; consisting of Lieutenant Deryl Walker, # Sergeant Michael Rose, # Rose and Sergeant # Rose responded to Industry Station regarding a Category-3 use-of-force that occurred in the city of West Covina. The use-of-force occurred earlier in the day, following a foot pursuit of a wanted felony suspect. During the use-of-force, a deputy wearing a boot delivered a kick from a standing position to a suspect's head, as the suspect was lying on the floor. The same deputy also used his hands to push the suspect's head against the hard ceramic-tile floor. The use-of-force resulted in the suspect sustaining a laceration above his left eyebrow that required approximately six sutures to close.

The involved employees documented the incident on supplemental reports under Department Uniform Report Number 920-05800-1443-091 [Exhibit A].

#### SUMMARY

On Friday, June 12, 2020, Deputy Chavez initiated a vehicle pursuit of a confirmed stolen vehicle in the city of La Puente. After a short distance, the stolen vehicle crashed into a parked vehicle. The driver fled from the vehicle and was not apprehended. Passengers from within the stolen vehicle identified the driver as Suspect Randy Dukes (suspect). Using a Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) photograph, Deputy Chavez positively identified the suspect as the driver of the stolen vehicle and listed him in his report as a named-suspect. That incident was documented in an *Incident Report* under Department Uniform Report Number 920-05800-1443-091 [Exhibit A].

On Saturday, June 27, 2020, fifteen days after the vehicle pursuit, Deputy Chavez was working Unit 144E2, a single-person patrol unit assigned to Industry Station's Summer Crime Suppression Team. Deputy Chavez drove to the suspect's last known address

on	in the unincorporated community of	While at that location,
Deputy Chavez	contacted a man in the front yard who identific	ed himself as the
suspect's	. Deputy Chavez provided the suspect's	with a cell phone
number and req	uested he tell the suspect to contact him as s	oon as possible.
Annrovimately a	n hour later, Deputy Chavez received a text n	nessage from the suspec
	went cell above communication the everent	

Approximately an hour later, Deputy Chavez received a text message from the suspect. Through subsequent cell phone communication, the suspect hesitantly agreed to meet Deputy Chavez at a McDonald's restaurant on Amar Road and Azusa Avenue in the city of West Covina, to discuss the incident from June 12, 2020.

While waiting for the suspect to arrive at the McDonald's, Deputy Chavez coordinated, via cellphone, with Deputy (Unit 143K7); Deputies Nathaniel Gonzalez, Vincent Rodriguez, (Unit 144E1); and Deputy Roberto Banuelos, (Unit 143K6), to be in the area in case the suspect showed up at the McDonald's.

At around 6:40 p.m., the suspect was dropped off at the McDonald's restaurant. The suspect called Deputy Chavez; however, Deputy Chavez did not answer his phone. As the suspect waited at the McDonald's, he began to see marked patrol vehicles in the area and became nervous. The suspect proceeded to walk north across the street to a Walgreen's parking lot.

Deputies Chavez and which, who were parked in the McDonald's parking lot, drove to the Walgreens parking lot to investigate a person walking in the parking lot who matched the suspect's physical description. Deputy Chavez pulled his patrol vehicle behind the suspect as he walked through the parking lot and asked to speak to the suspect. The suspect looked back toward Deputy Chavez and instantaneously jumped over a retaining wall toward the intersection of Amar Road and Azusa Avenue.

Deputy Chavez exited his patrol vehicle, and immediately requested emergency radio clearance and broadcasted he was in a foot pursuit of the suspect. Deputy maneuvered his patrol vehicle onto Amar Road to parallel the suspect as he fled.

Prior to chasing the suspect, Deputy Chavez broadcast he was in foot pursuit of a suspect wanted for driving a stolen vehicle, gave the suspect's description and his direction of travel. He also requested aero bureau and additional patrol resources. The suspect ran east across Azusa Avenue, a nine-lane major thoroughfare with traffic driving in both directions, necessitating the need for him to maneuver around vehicles as he ran. After broadcasting radio traffic, Deputy Chavez began running behind the suspect, keeping an approximate separation of about 15 to 30 feet. Due to vehicular and pedestrian traffic in the area, Deputy Chavez lost sight of the suspect as he ran east on Amar Road, adjacent to a 76 gas station. Before he lost sight of the suspect, Deputy Chavez noticed the suspect had been holding his waistband and believed he might have been armed with a weapon. Deputy Chavez did not broadcast that information because he concentrated on giving the suspect's description and establishing a containment.

weapon. Deputy did not see any deputies chasing the suspect on foot; nowever, he noticed a patrol vehicle drive east on Amar Road and eventually pull into the D.J. Bibingkahan parking lot. Fearing the suspect was armed, coupled with observing a single-man patrol unit pull into the parking lot, Deputy decided to pursue the suspect on foot. Deputy broadcasted on his portable radio he was in
Deputy who had been paralleling the suspect on Amar Road, pulled into the
D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant parking lot and observed the suspect run into the restaurant through the front doors.
Deputies and met near the restaurant's front door and made an ammediate decision to pursue the suspect inside the restaurant. Prior to entering, Deputies and made a quick tactical plan. Deputy was responsible for deploying a less-lethal weapon, and Deputy was responsible for broadcasting additional radio traffic. Deputies and deemed it necessary to enter the restaurant because they believed the suspect might be armed and because they heard people screaming and yelling inside the restaurant. They thought if they did not enter immediately, a hostage situation would arise. Deputy used his portable radio to broadcast the restaurant's exact address and advised they would be making entry into the restaurant.
Deputy led the way into the restaurant, as Deputy followed closely behind. Both deputies had their firearms drawn and scanned the interior of the restaurant for the suspect. The suspect emerged at the rear of the restaurant and appeared to be panicked and confused. The suspect ran through an interior door of the restaurant that led to an employee area and kitchen. Deputies and pursued the suspect as Deputy updated responding units about their progression inside the restaurant.
The suspect ran past three employees and into the kitchen. Deputy ran behind the suspect and holstered his firearm in anticipation of making physical contact with the suspect. The suspect appeared to be trapped in the kitchen and refused an order given by Deputy to get on the floor.
IAB Note: At the time of the incident, surveillance footage showed that four employees and two civilian patrons were inside the restaurant.
Deputy grabbed the suspect's arm with his right hand. Deputy could not see the suspect's left hand or left side of his body. The suspect used his body

weight and right elbow to push against Deputy and a series and Deputy efforts to grab ahold of him. From behind, Deputy used his right arm to reach across the suspect's upper body in an attempt to take the suspect to the floor.
The suspect continued to defy commands to get on the floor. The suspect resisted as Deputy attempted to pull him to the floor. Believing the suspect was assaultive and high risk, Deputy used his right knee to strike the suspect on the right side of his torso. Deputy pushed the suspect's head down and rotated his body. Again using his right knee, Deputy threw a second knee strike to the suspect's left torso. Deputy followed the knee strikes with two punches to the left side of the suspect's torso.
A few seconds later, Deputy entered the kitchen and noticed Deputy was in a physical confrontation with the suspect. Deputy immediately holstered his firearm and deployed his Taser.
The suspect fell to the floor, facing down with both arms extended above his head with his hands and fingers spread apart. As the suspect landed on the floor, Deputy threw two additional punches with his right fist that landed on the suspect's right lower back. Deputy used his right knee to kneel on the suspect's left lower back, while Deputy used his left knee to kneel on the suspect's right lower back. Deputy pointed his Taser at the suspect's upper back, while he and Deputy gave the suspect commands to put his hands behind his back. Deputy saw the suspect "tuck" his left hand underneath his body.
Deputy took control of the suspect's left wrist and began to guide it behind his back. Deputy maintained downward pressure with his right knee on the right side on the suspect's back and simultaneously aimed his Taser at the suspect's back.
Approximately 20 seconds after Deputy made initial contact with the suspect in the kitchen, Deputy Chavez entered the kitchen. Prior to entering the kitchen, Deputy Chavez heard a deputy saying, "Stop reaching." Deputy Chavez rapidly approached the suspect, who was still lying on the floor, face down, with his right hand near his hear and his left arm down toward his stomach. Deputy Chavez perceived that Deputies and were struggling to control the suspect, based partly on the suspect's size and strength and that Deputy was "smaller" than the suspect. As Deputy maintained pressure with his left knee across the suspect's upper back, Deputy Chavez observed the suspect jerking his upper torso upward and Deputy struggling to control the suspect's left arm, which was near the suspect's waistband.
Within a couple of seconds, Deputy Chavez assessed and perceived that Deputies and were losing control of the suspect. Deputy Chavez feared the suspect was attempting to retrieve a weapon from his waistband with his left hand. Deputy Chavez' view of the suspect's left hand was obstructed by a freezer and mop bucket.

Deputy Chavez assessed the suspect was assaultive and based that assessment on the commotion he heard prior to entering the kitchen, coupled with his observations of the suspect actively fighting and resisting deputies, and his perception the suspect was actively reaching for his waistband.

Deputy Chavez approached the suspect and observed the only exposed area for him to kick was the suspect's upper-left shoulder. Deputy Chavez used his right shod foot to deliver one kick. He aimed his kick at the suspect's left shoulder and neck; however, his kick was misaimed and landed on the suspect's left forehead. Deputy Chavez felt that his immediate kick was necessary to prevent the suspect from arming himself. Immediately following the kick, Deputy Chavez transitioned into a kneeling position above the suspect's head. Deputy Chavez placed his left hand onto the back of the suspect's head and applied downward pressure against the floor. Deputy Chavez briefly put both of his hands on the back of the suspect's head and maintained downward pressure in order to hold the suspect's torso against the floor so that he could be handcuffed.

Deputy used his left hand to take hold of the suspect's right wrist and guided it behind his back. With both of the suspect's hands behind his back, Deputy completed handcuffing the suspect without further resistance. Deputies and Chavez rolled the handcuffed suspect onto his left side and immediately searched the suspect's waistband for a weapon. No weapons were discovered.

Deputy Chavez noticed a laceration on the suspect's left forehead and requested fire department personnel respond to treat the suspect's injury.

The suspect was transported by deputies uninvolved in the use-of-force to Queen of the Valley Hospital for medical treatment. The suspect received six sutures for a laceration above his left eyebrow. The suspect was later transported to Industry Station for booking.

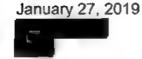
Sergeant completed a Foot Pursuit Evaluation form, which was provided to IAB investigators. Industry Station Lieutenant Julie Geary, # authored a memorandum regarding the foot pursuit and use-of-force on June 27, 2020. IAB investigators produced an overhead diagram of the foot pursuit route to be included in this Force Review investigation [Exhibit B].

#### INVOLVED EMPLOYEE AND WORK HISTORY

Chavez, Isaac H., Deputy, #
East Patrol Division
Industry Station
Date of Employment:

August 13, 2015

Date Assigned to Industry Station: Date Completed Patrol Training: Prior Founded Force Incidents:



#### **Equipment Worn On Person**

Deputy Chavez wore a Department Class-B uniform, comprised of a long-sleeved tan shirt and green tactical pants. He wore a ballistic vest under his uniform. His shirt displayed a cloth name tag and additional sheriff insignia. He wore black Danner boots and a Sam Brown gun belt. Deputy Chavez' gun belt was equipped with the following: a Department-issued Smith & Wesson M&P, semi-automatic 9mm pistol, with attached Surefire Ultra X400 weapon-mounted light, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray, two handcuffs inside of cases, two additional pistol magazines, and a Department radio. Deputy Chavez carried a two-inch revolver in his left front pants pocket.

Deputy Chavez' baton and metal flashlight were inside his patrol vehicle during the useof-force incident.

### Deputy Sheriff, #

East Patrol Division
Lancaster Station
Date of Employment:

Date Assigned to Industry Station:

Date Completed Patrol Training:

Prior Founded Force Incidents:



#### **Equipment Worn On Person**

Deputy wore a Department Class-A uniform, comprised of a long-sleeve tan shirt and green pants. He wore a ballistic vest under his uniform. Deputy shirt displayed sheriff insignia and a metal badge. Deputy wore a green hat, black boots, and a Sam Browne belt. The gun belt was equipped with the following: a Department-approved Glock 19X, semi-automatic 9mm pistol, with attached Surefire Ultra X400 weapon-mounted light, two additional magazines, OC spray, a Department radio, and two (2) handcuffs inside of cases. Deputy carried a large metal flashlight in his left SAP pocket and a small Surefire flashlight in his pants' cargo pocket.

Deputy baton and Taser were left inside of his patrol vehicle during the useof-force incident.

#### Deputy Sheriff, #

East Patrol Division Industry Station
Date of Employment:

Date Assigned to Industry Station:

Date Completed Patrol Training:



Equipment Worn On Person
Deputy wore a Department Class-A uniform, comprised of a long-sleeve tan shirt with two chevron stripes on the sleeve, and green pants. He wore a ballistic vest under his uniform Deputy uniform shirt displayed sheriff insignia and a metal badge. Deputy also wore black boots and a Sam Browne belt. The gun belt was equipped with the following: a Department-issued Smith & Wesson M&P, semi-automatic 9mm pistol, with an attached Surefire Ultra X400 weapon-mounted light, two additional pistol magazines, OC spray, a Department radio, two (2) handcuffs inside of separate cases, and an expandable baton. Deputy carried a back-up firearm in his pants pocket. He also had a Taser in a leg shroud (drop holster) on his left thigh.
SUSPECT INFORMATION
Dukes, Randy Male Hispanic, DOB: October 11, 1989, 6' 3", 250 pounds Last Known Address:  CII # MAIN # FBI # CDL #
Suspect Dukes' criminal history and booking information were included with this force review. A review of Suspect Dukes' Consolidated Criminal History Reporting System (CCHRS) Report and Records of Arrests and Prosecutions (RAPS) indicated Suspect Dukes  [Exhibit C].
WITNESSES:
Witness Witness Witness
The following person(s) were not witnesses to the use-of-force incident; however, they were interviewed regarding their involvement in the incident.
Physician Assistant (Queen of the Valley Hospital)
SUSPECT'S INJURIES
While on the scene, the suspect was medically evaluated by Captain Robles from the West Covina Fire Department. The suspect was subsequently transported to Queen of the Valley Hospital by Deputies Rodriguez and Gonzalez for additional medical treatment. Suspect Dukes was treated in the emergency room by Physician Assistant (Witness under the supervision of Doctor Denis Kollar. The suspect was

Prior Founded Force Incidents:

diagnosed with a 2.5 centimeter (one-inch) laceration over his left eyebrow. He received approximately six stitches to close the laceration.

On June 29, 2020, IAB investigators obtained the suspect's medical records related to this incident from Queen of the Valley Hospital [Exhibit D].

Photographs of the suspect injuries were taken and submitted with this Force Review investigation [Exhibit E and F/Disc 2/Photographs].

#### **DEPUTY PERSONNEL INJURIES**

There were no reported injuries to deputy personnel; however, Deputy was exposed to the suspect's blood during the incident.

#### PHYSICAL EVIDENCE

On June 29, 2020, IAB investigators extracted video files from the digital video recorder (DVR) system located within the restaurant. These files contained images from a 16-camera surveillance system. The surveillance system captured the restaurant's public area and kitchen area, including one camera that captured the use-of-force incident. On September 3, 2020, IAB investigators obtained a concatenated version of the surveillance video to include with this force review [Exhibit F/Disc 1].

IAB Note:

For purposes of this Force Review investigation and video analysis, detectives from the Department's High-tech Task Force used the 16-camera surveillance system footage and created a concatenated video. Video concatenation involves the process of stitching multiple videos together to be viewed in one video file.

On June 29, 2020, IAB investigators collected and reviewed poor-quality video surveillance captured at the Walgreens located at 2452 South Azusa Avenue, West Covina. IAB investigators video recorded the surveillance monitor depicting police activity during the time of the incident [Exhibit F/Disc 1].

#### INVESTIGATOR'S OBSERVATIONS

On June 29, 2020, IAB investigators responded to the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant located at 1515 East Amar Road in West Covina. D.J. Bibingkahan is a one-story, stand-alone, commercial building with a public entrance on the east and south sides of the building. IAB investigators did not observe exterior surveillance cameras.

Witness allowed IAB investigators access to the entire interior of the restaurant. The restaurant offers a buffet line with a large dining room area. Due to COVID-19 protocols, no indoor dining was allowed, and the restaurant provided take-out service only. All indoor seating was restricted, with most chairs placed on top of the tables.

IAB investigators observed the kitchen area where the use-of-force incident occurred. The kitchen was approximately 60 feet long and 25 feet across. The north side of the kitchen led to a hallway with doors to a restroom and janitorial closet. Adjacent to the hallway was a large stainless steel walk-in refrigerator. The flooring was comprised of 3" x 3" hard ceramic tile. The south side of the kitchen led to an adjoining office/lounge area. Inside the office, IAB investigators observed a computer monitor that provided live-images from the surveillance system, along with a DVR system that recorded the surveillance footage.

Digital photographs and video images were taken of the use-of-force incident location and submitted with this Force Review investigation [Exhibit F/Disc 2].

#### WEAPONS USED BY INVOLVED DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL

None

#### WEAPONS USED BY SUSPECT RANDY DUKES

None

#### PROPERTY DAMAGE

None

#### CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION AND CHARGES FILED

The criminal investigation was handled by Industry Station Detective Matthew Moore, the District Attorney's Office filed two felony charges and six misdemeanor charges against the suspect. These counts included; one count of Driving a Vehicle without the Owner's Consent, §10851(a) of the California Vehicle Code (CVC); one count of Reckless Evading, §2800.2 CVC; one count of Hit and Run, §2002(a) CVC; and five counts of Resisting Arrest, §148(a) of the California Penal Code. The suspect pleaded not guilty at his arraignment hearing. He was scheduled to appear at a prepreliminary hearing on November 16, 2020, at the West Covina Courthouse.

#### LIGHTING AND WEATHER CONDITIONS

The incident occurred shortly before 7:00 p.m. on a summer day. The temperature was recorded in the upper-70s with clear skies. There was no precipitation, and the winds were out of the west at 16 mph.

The use-of-force occurred inside a restaurant during daylight hours. The room was well-lit, primarily by numerous sets of overhead florescent lighting, supplemented by ambient sunlight emanating from windows adjacent to the kitchen.

#### RADIO TRAFFIC

IAB investigators reviewed radio traffic and cold line communication associated with the foot pursuit and use-of-force incident. Deputy Chavez, and responding units, utilized the SCC Dispatch Channel 8 radio frequency on the duplex patch. Prior to activating the duplex patch, involved deputy personnel utilized a direct communications channel. The radio traffic and cold line communication was placed on a disc and included in the casebook [Exhibit F/Disc 2].

The following is a brief synopsis of the transmissions:

#### Dispatch Channel 8 (Industry Station's Home Frequency)

- 6:51:21 PM- Deputy Chavez (Unit 144E2) requested emergency radio clearance and the patch. He advised he was in a foot pursuit, what the suspect was wanted for, the suspect's description, and his location. Deputy Chavez requested the assistance of the Aero Bureau and additional patrol units.
- **6:51:50 PM-** Multiple assisting units broadcasted simultaneously and were unintelligible.
- 6:51:55 PM- A field sergeant (Unit 144S) advised he was responding.
- **6:52:05 PM-** Multiple units broadcasted simultaneously and were unintelligible. Deputy Chavez updated the suspect's last seen location near the 76 gas station.
- **6:52:10 PM-** Unknown Industry unit asked if Deputy Chavez wants assistance in setting up a containment.
- **6:52:23 PM-** Aero Bureau resources acknowledge the incident and advise an ETA of seven minutes An assisting Industry unit set up a containment.
- 6:53:12 PM- Unit 144S advised and ETA of two minutes.
- 6:53:19 PM- Deputy Chavez advised he was no longer in foot pursuit and that he was detaining the suspect. Deputy Chavez advised he was inside a restaurant and gave the exact address of the restaurant.
- 6:54:00 PM- Deputy Chavez advised SCC the suspect was in handcuffs and requested medical resources to respond to his location to treat the suspect's injury. Deputy Chavez advised responding units to cancel their code-3 responses. The patch was released.

### Local-Tactical Frequency (L-TAC)

There were no relevant transmissions related to this incident.

#### Direct-mode Radio Traffic

Direct-mode radio traffic preceding, during, and after this incident was not recorded.

#### **Cold Line Communication**

At 6:52 p.m., the Industry Station Watch Commander, Lieutenant Julie Geary, connected the Cold Line and spoke to the SCC Watch Commander regarding the foot pursuit. Lieutenant Geary immediately requested SCC ascertain the status of Aero Bureau resources. She also advised SCC that two field sergeants were responding from the station.

After being advised the foot pursuit concluded, the suspect was detained, and no other suspects were outstanding, Lieutenant Geary disconnected the Cold Line.

IAB Note:

There is a point-to-point voice channel (Hotline) between each station dispatcher and the SCC Public Response Dispatcher assigned to that station's working frequency. An alternate voice line is an automatic ring circuit (Cold Line) that links the station watch commander with the SCC watch sergeant, who shall immediately and directly carry out the station watch commander's orders.

#### **VIDEO SURVEILLANCE**

IAB investigators reviewed the copy of the concatenated video surveillance video recovered from inside the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant. The video clip is 3m 21s in duration. This video contains no audio and covers the suspect and deputies on four camera angles.

TIME STAMP	DESCRIPTION: [DJ Bibingkahan Video]
00:01	The suspect entered the front door of the restaurant.
00 02	The suspect held his left waistband with his left hand.
00.11	Deputies and and entered the restaurant with their firearms drawn.
00:22	Deputy Chavez entered the restaurant.
00:28	Two customers can be seen at the cash register; no other customers are in the restaurant.
00.45	Deputy holstered his firearm as he ran after the suspect.
01:01	The suspect ran into a restroom with no exterior exit and reemerged in the dining area.
01:07	The suspect entered an interior door leading to an employee area behind the cash register.
01:12	Deputies and and entered the employee area. Deputy

radios their updated location in the restaurant.					
Deputy Chavez enters the employee area of the restaurant.					
Deputy grabbed the suspect's right arm. Deputy					
wrapped both of his arms around the suspect's upper body. The					
suspect					
Deputy threw a right knee, followed by a left knee to the					
suspect's torso. Deputy holstered his firearm.					
Deputy threw two right punches to the suspect's torso.					
Deputy threw two additional punches to the suspect's back.					
Deputy places his right knee on the suspect's back.					
Deputy deployed his Taser.					
Deputy placed his right knee on the suspect's lower back.					
Deputy placed the suspect's left hand behind his back. Deputy					
pressed his left knee against the suspect's upper back.					
Deputy Chavez braced his right hand against the freezer wall and threw					
a right leg kick that struck the suspect's head.					
Deputy Chavez kneeled, placed his left and right hands on the back of					
the suspect's head, and applied downward pressure					
The suspect was handcuffed.					

IAB investigators retrieved video footage from the Walgreen's location. The video footage did not specifically show the initial contact between the suspect and Deputy Chavez, nor did the video footage show the foot pursuit or use-of-force incident [Exhibit F/Disc 2].

#### **STATEMENTS:**

Internal Affairs Bureau investigators and/or Industry Station field sergeants interviewed the below civilian witnesses. IAB investigators interviewed the below Involved Employees. The following is a summary of their recorded interviews. For more detailed information and precise wording, see the attached verbatim interview transcriptions.

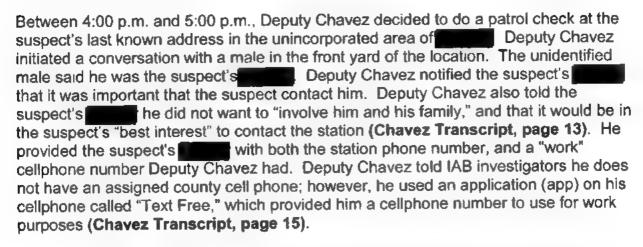
### INVOLVED EMPLOYEE DEPUTY ISAAC CHAVEZ:

On September 1, 2020, Deputy Isaac Chavez was interviewed by IAB Sergeants Michael Rose and at the IAB office in the City of Commerce. Deputy Chavez was represented by Attorney Amy Johnson from the Law Offices of Rains, Lucia, and Stern.

On June 12, 2020, Deputy Chavez was involved in a vehicle pursuit of a stolen vehicle. After a short pursuit, the stolen vehicle crashed, and the driver fled the vehicle and avoided apprehension. Detectives later showed Deputy Chavez a Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) photograph of Suspect Randy Dukes. Deputy Chavez positively identified Suspect Dukes as the driver of the stolen vehicle and named him as the suspect in his report. Deputy Chavez also recovered a replica semi-automatic firearm near the driver seat of the abandoned stolen vehicle.

IAB Note: Deputy Chavez' vehicle pursuit on June 12, 2020, was reviewed by Industry Station and East Patrol Division.

On June 27, 2020, 15 days following the vehicle pursuit, Deputy Chavez worked Unit 144E2, a one-person patrol unit assigned to Industry Station's Summer Crime Enforcement Team. His usual assigned partner, Deputy Ryan Goff, # was on an approved absence.



1AB Note: Text Free is a cellular phone application that provides a custom phone number, unlimited free texting, voice calling, and voicemail services.

After speaking with the suspect's period, Deputy Chavez continued his regular patrol duties. A few hours after contacting the suspect's Deputy Chavez received a text message from the suspect. The suspect said he wanted to meet with Deputy Chavez. Later in a phone conversation, Deputy Chavez attempted to have the suspect meet him at the station; however, the suspect seemed "aggressive" and hesitant but eventually agreed to meet Deputy Chavez at a McDonald's restaurant at the intersection of Amar Road and Azusa Avenue in the city of West Covina. Deputy Chavez told the suspect all he wanted to do was "talk to him." He further explained to the suspect he "wasn't going to be arrested" and he just wanted to speak to him about the incident that occurred on June 12, 2020. Deputy Chavez explained to IAB investigators due to the COVID-19 protocols regarding arrests, it would ultimately be his sergeant's decision on whether he could cite the suspect out with a notice to appear in court. Deputy Chavez said his ultimate goal was to take the suspect to jail.

After the cell phone call with the suspect, Deputy Chavez contacted another Summer Team unit (Unit 144E1), Deputies Vincent Rodriguez, # and Nathaniel Gonzalez, # and notified them to "be on the lookout" for the suspect. Deputy Chavez also contacted two additional Industry Station patrol units; Deputies Roberto Banuelos, # (Unit 143K6), and (Unit 143K7), and asked them to stay in the area of the McDonald's, in case the suspect decided to show up. Deputy

Chavez wanted to "saturate" the area with patrol cars but did not consider the operation to be a surveillance operation (Chavez Transcript, page 17). Deputy Chavez believed a multi-person surveillance would be futile because he was the only person who could positively identify the suspect. Deputy Chavez felt he solicited sufficient units to assist him in apprehending the suspect if he were to show up.

Deputy Chavez coordinated with Deputies and Banuelos in person, over the cellular phone, via direct-mode on the portable radio, and by using the mobile digital computer (MDC) regarding the planning to approach and arrest the suspect, if he arrived at the McDonald's restaurant. Deputy Chavez did not speak to Deputies Rodriguez and Gonzalez in person, but communicated with them over the cell phone and MDC messages (Chavez Transcript, pages 16-17).

IAB Note:

Department portable radios typically operate in "repeat-mode" mode. Repeat-mode allows the transmission from the portable radio to be received by a Department radio repeater tower. Transmissions received by the repeater tower are recorded by the Sheriff's Communication Center (SCC). Deputies operating the portable radio have the ability to switch their radios from "repeat" to "direct" mode utilizing the Repeat/Direct Switch on top of the portable radio. In direct-mode, radio transmissions are not received by a Department radio repeater tower and are instead transmitted directly between portable radios. Direct-mode communication is usually line-of-sight and is not recorded.

Deputy Chavez explained he did not discuss a contingency plan with this assisting units to address the possibility the suspect would flee on foot; however, he believed that would be something, tactically, he could have improved on during this incident. Deputy Chavez did not notify his Summer Team sergeant, Sergeant processes, regarding his plan to arrest the suspect because he did not actually believe the suspect would show up and did not believe the suspect was "credible." Deputy Chavez said in retrospect, he would have notified his sergeant regarding his plan to arrest the suspect (Chavez Transcript, pages 24-25).

While waiting in the area near McDonald's, Deputy Banuelos contacted Deputy Chavez on the radio, via direct-mode, and told Deputy Chavez he observed a person matching the suspect's description walking near the intersection of Amar Road and Azusa Avenue. The suspect was walking northbound on the west side of the street. A couple of minutes later, Deputy Chavez drove his patrol vehicle into the Walgreen's parking lot to locate the person who matched the description.

While driving through the Walgreen's parking lot, Deputy Chavez observed the suspect walking through the parking lot. Although the suspect attempted to alter his appearance by cutting and dying his hair, Deputy Chavez immediately recognized the distinctive tattoo on the side of the suspect's neck.

Deputy Chavez noticed the suspect was wearing oversized clothing, including a baggy shirt that extended past the suspect's waistband.

Deputy Chavez drove up to the suspect from behind, and while still seated in his patrol car, called out to the suspect using his name through his open driver-side window. The suspect turned his head toward Deputy Chavez. Deputy Chavez told the suspect, "Hey, just let me talk to you for a second," "You're not in any trouble." The suspect immediately jumped over a retaining wall that connected the Walgreens' parking lot with the west sidewalk of Azusa Avenue and began running away from Deputy Chavez. Deputy Chavez exited his patrol vehicle and noticed the suspect grabbed and held his pants by the waistband has he jumped off the retaining wall (Chavez Transcript, page 26).

After jumping the retaining wall, the suspect ran east across Azusa Avenue, north of Amar Road, through traffic, toward a 76 gas station on the intersection's northeast corner. As the suspect ran, he held his waistband and looked back toward Deputy Chavez over his left shoulder. Deputy Chavez could not see what the suspect was doing with his right hand.

Deputy Chavez immediately activated the "duplex-patch" on Industry Station's primary frequency (Dispatch Channel-8). Deputy Chavez maintained sight of the suspect but did not immediately run after him. He opted to put out clear and concise radio traffic before he began to chase the suspect and was out of breath. From atop the retaining wall, with a position of advantage, Deputy Chavez broadcasted he would be in foot-pursuit and gave the suspect's description, the direction of travel, and why the suspect was wanted. Deputy Chavez began his foot-pursuit of the suspect, maintaining an approximately 15 to 30-foot separation. The suspect continuously held, and made movements toward his waistband while running with an unnatural gait.

Deputy Chavez did not broadcast he believed the suspect might be armed because he was concentrated on the suspect's description and route of travel. He also did not want to tie up radio traffic in order to allow a containment to be set up quickly (Chavez Transcript, page 34).

As Deputy Chavez crossed Azusa Avenue, there was vehicular traffic, with a "green light" driving in both directions. Before crossing the street, Deputy Chavez looked in both directions to avoid getting hit by a car. Deputy Chavez recalled cars having to stop for him as he pursued the suspect. Deputy Chavez believed he was lucky the people driving that day were "cognizant of their surroundings," or he might have been a victim of being hit by a car (Chavez Transcript, page 32).

As the suspect ran onto the 76 gas station property, he ran east along the north side of Amar Road. Deputy Chavez briefly lost sight of the suspect. Deputy Chavez saw a patrol vehicle, which he believed was driven by Deputy paralleling the suspect on Amar Road as the suspect continued to run east. He heard an unknown Industry

deputy begin to set up a containment on the radio (Chavez Transcript, pages 25-27).  After a brief loss of visual observation, Deputy Chavez again observed the suspect run east adjacent to the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant. Shortly after, he heard Deputy broadcast he was in foot pursuit of the suspect.
As Deputy Chavez approached the restaurant's southeast corner, he observed Deputies and running toward the restaurant's front entrance. He did not see the suspect enter the restaurant; however, he heard a deputy on the radio say, "We're entering the restaurant."
As Deputy Chavez approached the restaurant's front door, he heard a "loud piercing scream" come from inside the restaurant and he began to "fear the worst." Deputy Chavez feared a possible "hostage situation" and decided to immediately assist Deputies and instead of taking a containment position on the rear of the restaurant. As Deputy Chavez approached the front door, he also heard "banging," and a "commotion" coming from inside and decided to make an entry into the restaurant.
While inside the restaurant, Deputy Chavez heard more screaming and heard "things falling." Unable to see where Deputies and were, he yelled out, "Where are you at?" Someone in the restaurant pointed and directed Deputy Chavez to the rear kitchen area of the restaurant. Deputy Chavez noticed one of the employees of the restaurant seemed very scared. Deputy Chavez recalled "sprinting" toward the kitchen area, and as he ran, he heard a deputy say, "Stop reaching" and "stop fighting" (Chavez Transcript, page 38).
As Deputy Chavez entered the kitchen, he saw the suspect lying on his stomach, jerking his upper torso upward. The left side of the suspect's body was obstructed by a mop bucket and a wall, with only the upper portion of the suspect's body partially exposed. Deputy Chavez saw the suspect's left arm was "downward, toward [the suspect's] stomach." The suspect's right arm was extended outward, near his head. Deputy Chavez "perceived" Deputies and struggled to control the suspect (Chavez Transcript, page 40).
The suspect appeared to be attempting to pull his right arm downward. Deputy Chavez perceived Deputy was losing control of the suspect's right hand, and the suspect was trying to use his right hand to reach his waistband. Deputy Chavez also believed the suspect's left hand was underneath the suspect's body. Deputy Chavez saw Deputy along the right side of the suspect's face-down body, and Deputy along the suspect's left side.
Deputy Chavez was unsure if the suspect grabbed a knife in the kitchen prior to his arrival or if he was indeed armed with a firearm in his waistband. Deputy Chavez feared Deputies and were about to be overpowered due to the suspect's large size and apparent strength (Chavez Transcript, page 42). Deputy Chavez heard the suspect "grunting," and the deputies saying, "Stop fighting," "Give me your hands,"

and "stop reaching." He also heard a deputy say, "I'm going to taze."

Deputy Chavez never recalled actually observing a Taser in Deputy hand until after the suspect was handcuffed.

In a split-second decision, Deputy Chavez determined he had to immediately attempt to "subdue" the threat with the least amount of force possible. Based on the suspect's body position, he decided to use his right foot to throw a "fast-twitch, front-toe kick." Deputy Chavez aimed his kick toward the suspect's exposed upper-left "clavicle (collarbone)," "neck," and "shoulder area" (Chavez Transcript, pages 42-43). Deputy Chavez "misaimed" his kick and struck the left side of the suspect's head with the front toe of his boot (Chavez Transcript, page 42).

Deputy Chavez believed the suspect was possibly armed, and did not know what happened between the suspect and deputies prior to him entering the room. He was also unsure if the suspect had been tased and was still resisting. Deputy Chavez had only a moment to assess whether the suspect was attempting to access a weapon he secreted in his waistband. Deputy Chavez recalled the other deputies were "in the moment and not communicating with [him]." Based on the circumstances, Deputy Chavez felt the kick was needed and reasonable to subdue the 6'4" and 240-pound suspect and to prevent the suspect from arming himself (Chavez Transcript, page 43).

Deputy Chavez recalled that although his kick did not strike his intended target on the suspect's body, the kick was effective and caused the suspect to immediately give up.

Deputy Chavez immediately transitioned into a crouching position and used both of his hands to apply "direct downward pressure" on the back of the suspect's upper torso and head. Possibly due to the suspect's sweat, Deputy Chavez' hands slipped onto the back of the suspect's head as he was applying downward pressure. This downward pressure was meant to keep the suspect's body against the floor and prevent access to his waistband. Deputy Chavez was unsure if the downward pressure placed on the back of the suspect's head caused the suspect's head to strike the tile flooring. He remembered pushing the suspect's head toward the floor one or two times (Chavez Transcript, page 45). Deputy Chavez applied "a decent amount of force" to keep the suspect down and prevent him from "bucking and fighting" (Chavez Transcript, page 45). Deputy Chavez simultaneously told the suspect, "Stop fighting," and "give me your arms."

Deputy Chavez recalled Deputy was able to secure the suspect's wrists and handcuffed him. After the suspect was handcuffed, he was placed into a recovery position. He immediately did a "waistband" check on the suspect in an attempt to locate a weapon. No weapon was discovered.

Deputy Chavez noticed the suspect was injured and bleeding. He immediately requested personnel from the fire department to respond to the restaurant to treat the suspect's injuries.

Denut	v Chavez	immediately	reported the	force he	used to	Sergeant	
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During Deputy Chavez' IAB interview, he was given the opportunity to view video surveillance footage from inside the restaurant that captured his entrance into the restaurant and the use-of-force. Deputy Chavez explained to IAB investigators that some of his perceptions he documented in his supplemental report regarding the restaurant patrons' behavior might have been "skewed" based on his adrenaline and elevated heart rate, coupled with him attempting to find a threat during those observations.

Deputy Chavez also noticed he never drew his weapon from its holster at any time during the incident. He believed since he thought the suspect might have been armed and the possibility of a hostage situation unfolding, he should have had his firearm out and readily accessible during the incident.

IAB Note: During Deputy Chavez' IAB interview, he drew a diagram of where he observed the suspect run during his foot pursuit [Exhibit G].

#### INVOLVED EMPLOYEE DEPUTY On September 17, 2020, Deputy was interviewed by IAB Sergeant Michael Rose at the IAB offices in the City of Commerce. During the interview, Deputy was represented by Attorney Amy Johnson. On June 27, 2020, Deputy was assigned to work Unit 143K7 in the city of La was working in a one-person unit and did not have a partner. Puente. Deputy At the beginning of his shift, Deputy was approached by Deputy Chavez at Industry Station. Deputy Chavez told him he received information the suspect was going to meet with him at a McDonald's restaurant in West Covina. Deputy Chavez to assist him in arresting the suspect but did not provide Deputy asked Deputy details about his communication with the suspect. Deputy Chavez periodically updated Deputy throughout his shift because the time the suspect was supposed to meet with Deputy Chavez kept getting pushed back. took an overwatch position on the McDonald's restaurant from the Walgreen's elevated parking lot across the street as the potential meeting time approached. Deputy was aware Deputy Banuelos was in the area because he, Deputy Chavez, and Deputy Banuelos were communicating via cellphone and inperson regarding Deputy Chavez' plan to arrest the suspect. discussed a plan with Deputy Chavez to arrest the suspect when he arrived at the McDonald's. The plan was to approach the suspect, as they would with any felony suspect, and detain the suspect at gunpoint if needed. If the suspect

would put out radio traffic (Sanchez Transcript, page 9).
Eventually, Deputies and Chavez moved their patrol vehicles to the west parking lot of McDonald's. While in the parking lot, Deputy Chavez told Deputy he believed he saw a person matching the suspect's description walking north on Amar Road toward the Walgreens. Deputy Chavez drove away from the McDonald's parking lot and entered the Walgreens' parking lot to investigate if the person was indeed the suspect. After about 20 seconds, Deputy decided to follow Deputy Chavez to the Walgreens' parking lot. Deputy rationalized that if the person was indeed the suspect, he did not want Deputy Chavez to be alone when he contacted him.
Deputy caught up to Deputy Chavez as he drove eastbound on the north side of the Walgreens' building. Deputy saw Deputy Chavez jump over the retaining wall adjacent to Azusa Avenue. Simultaneously, he heard Deputy Chavez broadcast emergent radio traffic, indicating he was in foot pursuit of the suspect. Deputy observed Deputy Chavez running behind the suspect; however, Deputy Chavez stopped on the center-median of Azusa Avenue as the suspect continued to run eastbound.
Deputy remained in his vehicle, conducted a U-turn in the parking lot, and exited the Walgreens' parking lot. He drove east on Amar Road, paralleling the suspect as he ran along the north sidewalk of Amar Road. Deputy noticed that as the suspect ran, he leaned to one side and "maintained" his right hand near his waistband Transcript, page 14).
While driving east on Amar Road, Deputy maintained a visual of the suspect as he ran east along the side of the DJ Bibingkahan restaurant and turned north toward the front entrance to the location. Deputy pulled into the restaurant parking lot and observed the suspect run inside the restaurant. He stopped his patrol vehicle in front of the restaurant shortly after the suspect entered.
Deputy approach the restaurant, on foot, from the south. Since Deputy now had a partner, he decided to initiate a multiple-deputy foot pursuit of the suspect inside the restaurant. He and Deputy formulated an ad hoc plan to enter the building together, locate, and apprehend the suspect. Deputy was assigned to deploy a less-lethal weapon because he had a Taser. Deputy took responsibility for radio communication. The plan was for him and Deputy to enter as a contact/arrest team; Deputy would make contact first, and Deputy would deploy his Taser if needed. Transcript, page 15).
Deputy felt it was necessary to immediately chase the suspect into the restaurant because he heard screaming, yelling, and "tussling" coming from inside the establishment. Based partly on the suspect's demeanor, he feared the suspect may be

page 25). Before entering the restaurant, Deputy used his portable radio and advised SCC and responding units, he was making entry into the restaurant. Deputy voiced the address and name of the restaurant prior to making entry.
IAB Note: Radio traffic audio did not capture Deputy radio traffic; however, Deputy could be seen on video surveillance appearing to speak into his radio microphone prior to entering the restaurant [Exhibit F/Disc 2].
Deputy led the way into the restaurant, as Deputy observed the suspect appearing to be confused about where to run. The suspect proceeded to run through a doorway that connected the main dining area and the kitchen area. He and Deputy followed the suspect into the kitchen, where Deputy noticed kitchen utensils, knives, and other objects that could potentially be used as a weapon. The suspect ran toward a freezer area and appeared to be "panicking" and "trapped" within the building. Due to the close-quarters nature of the kitchen, Deputy anticipated the need to go "hands-on" and holstered his firearm. Deputy did not want to have his firearm in his hand if he and the suspect engaged in a physical confrontation (Transcript, pages 17-18).
Deputy ordered the suspect to lie on the floor. The suspect was facing away from Deputy which caused him to lose visibility of the suspect's right hand. Deputy again ordered the suspect to lie on the floor, but he did not comply with the commands.
Deputy approached the suspect and attempted to wrap his right arm around the suspect's upper body to take him to the floor and spin him around to gain visibility of his hands. The suspect used his body weight and elbow in an attempt to push Deputy away from him Transcript, page 18).
The suspect appeared to crouch into a "fighting stance," with his body now slightly bladed toward Deputy. The suspect attempted to "pull away" and used his body weight to push Deputy off of him.
Due to the suspect's assaultive and "high-risk" behavior, Deputy decided to use his right knee to strike the suspect's right "ribcage" twice. Deputy the two knees with a right-handed punch to the suspect's left "ribcage." Deputy threw the knee, and punch to get the suspect to "comply" and go to the floor because he could not see the right side of the suspect's body or his right hand Transcript, pages 18-19).
IAB Note: Surveillance video shows Deputy kneed the suspect one time on his right torso. The suspect rotated, and Deputy second knee landed on the suspect's left torso.

not once [Exhibit F/Disc 1]. The punch to the suspect's body appeared to be effective, which caused the suspect to believed the punch "knocked the wind" out of the "hunch over." Deputy suspect and allowed him and Deputy to take the suspect to the floor. The suspect slowly went to the floor in a controlled manner, first going to his knees, then to his elbows, and finally resting his body on the floor. The suspect's head never hit the floor. While on the floor, the suspect had his left hand tucked underneath him. Deputy was unsure where the suspect's right hand was because he was concentrated on the left side of the suspect's body. The suspect continuously yelled and screamed, but did not utter anything comprehensible. Both Deputies and the suspect numerous commands to put his hands behind his back. was able to pull the suspect's left arm out from underneath his body. Deputy | He and Deputy focused their attention on the suspect's right hand and arm. held the suspect's left arm behind his back. He believed he may have Deputy already had the suspect's left wrist handcuffed. While holding the suspect's left arm, he noticed Deputy Chavez entered the kitchen, then observed Deputy Chavez' foot strike the suspect's head Transcript, pages 20-21). Deputy described Deputy Chavez' kick as a, "brief, small, step kick" toward the suspect's head. Deputy saw the kick land on the suspect's forehead. Prior to the kick, Deputy Chavez did not say anything to anyone in the room ( Transcript, pages 21-22). After Deputy Chavez' kick landed on the suspect's head, Deputy Chavez transition onto his knees above the suspect's body. Deputy Chavez used his hands to grab "both sides" of the suspect's head. Deputy Chavez maintained "downward pressure," presumably to stop the suspect from "flailing" and moving his upper body. Deputy never saw Deputy Chavez "slam" the suspect's head into the floor; Deputy Chavez simply maintained "downward pressure" Transcript, pages 22-23). After the kick to the head, the suspect un-tensed his right arm and allowed his right arm to be placed behind his back. Deputies and guided the suspect's right arm behind his back. Deputy completed the handcuffing process. Deputy assisted the suspect into a seated position while the suspect caught his breath. Deputy noticed blood coming from the suspect's forehead in the area where Deputy Chavez kicked him. Deputy did not see any blood coming from

Deputy punched the suspect twice on the left torso.

the suspect prior to Deputy Chavez' kick. He assisted the suspect to his feet and walked him outside the restaurant to be medically treated for his injury. Deputy immediately reported the force he used and witnessed to Sergeant

During Deputy IAB interview, he was given the opportunity to view video surveillance footage from inside the restaurant that captured his entrance into the restaurant and the use-of-force. After viewing the video, Deputy recalled he used his right fist to punch the suspect a total of four times to the body, two times while in a standing position, and two times to the suspect's back as he was going to the floor.
Deputy also noticed when Deputy Chavez threw a leg kick toward the suspect's head, the suspect's left arm was not completely secured, nor was it handcuffed behind his back, as he initially believed.
IAB Note: During Deput IAB interview, he drew a diagram of where he observed the suspect run and his route of travel during this incident [Exhibit H].
INVOLVED EMPLOYEE DEPUTY
On September 17, 2020, Deputy was interviewed by IAB Sergeant Michael Rose at the IAB offices in the City of Commerce. During the interview, Deputy was represented by Attorney Amy Johnson.
On June 27, 2020, Deputy was working overtime on the PM shift as Unit 141D. At around 6:50 p.m., he ordered food at the Baja Cali Fish & Tacos restaurant in West Covina. While walking back to his parked patrol vehicle, he heard emergent radio traffi broadcasted by an Industry Station deputy (Deputy Chavez) regarding a stolen vehicle suspect running in the area. The radio traffic was clear and contained a suspect description and direction of travel.
Realizing he was in the area and a felony suspect was running from a deputy toward his location, Deputy drove his patrol vehicle out of the shopping center driveway and stopped on Amar Road, adjacent to the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant. Deputy exited his patrol vehicle and observed the suspect as he ran toward him from about 35-40 yards away. The suspect ran eastbound on an elevated parking area along the south side of the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant.
As the suspect ran, Deputy noticed the suspect ran with a "weird" gait and unnatural stride. The suspect also "kept reaching for his waistband" with his right hand Deputy believed the suspect was attempting to prevent something from falling out of his waistband. Deputy described the suspect as over six-feet tall and approximately 300 pounds, wearing baggy clothing. The suspect matched the description broadcasted by Deputy Chavez during his initial foot pursuit traffic.
Deputy , who was still on the street level, did not notice any deputy chasing the suspect on foot. Deputy yelled at the suspect to stop running, however, the suspect ignored him. Deputy saw a single deputy in a patrol vehicle (Deputy) paralleling the suspect as he ran. Deputy pulled his patrol vehicle into the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant parking lot.

unsound to stay where he was on the stre broadcasted that he was in foot pursuit of	eet level. Deputy used his radio and the suspect, gave his location, and began to ect, who was still running alongside the D.J.
traffic; however, du	does not capture Deputy radio radio ring that time, several units could be heard another [Exhibit F/Disc 2].
	a distance and observed the suspect run into ced Deputy offset his patrol vehicle in met with Deputy
verbally with Deputy They both into the restaurant. He and Deputy based this assessment on the factor he ran, coupled with the sounds of multip	ant's front doors, he began to communicate a acknowledged they observed the suspect run agreed, "We have to go after him." Deputy at he saw the suspect holding his waistband as le voices screaming and yelling inside the bid a "hostage situation" inside the restaurant
told Deputy he would de would be assigned to provide updates on	nnounce, "We're making entry." Deputy
restaurant toward the kitchen area. With	nt. The suspect looked confused and entered an interior door that led deeper into the their guns drawn, he and Deputy used his portable radio to update
observed Deputy already engaged decided to transition from his firearm to h	wn knee to strike the suspect in the abdomen.
After Deputy deployed his Taser,	he attempted to aim for the suspect's lower-

target. Deputy transitioned to the rear of the suspect and grabbed onto the suspect utilizing a "bear hug," with both his arms wrapped around the suspect. He and Deputy said to each other, "Let's take him down!"
With his Taser still in his right hand, Deputy used his left hand to grab the suspect's right arm and shoulder and assisted Deputy in "guiding" the suspect to the floor. After the suspect was face-down on the floor, Deputy took a position on the right side of the suspect's body and placed his left knee on the suspect's buttocks to hold the suspect against the floor. He and Deputy gave the suspect commands to put his hands behind his back.
IAB Note: Video surveillance footage from inside the restaurant showed Deputy did not remove his Taser from its holster until after the suspect was already on the floor [Exhibit F/Disc 1].
The suspect's right hand was extended out in front of him, and he appeared to be attempting to push himself up from the floor. Deputy saw Deputy struggling to pull the suspect's left arm from underneath the suspect's body. Deputy feared the suspect was attempting to reach for a weapon with his left hand while he simultaneously used his right hand to push himself up.
Deputy placed his Taser against the suspect's upper back and held it there, while he simultaneously used his left hand in an attempt to gain control of the suspect's right hand and place it behind his back. Deputy never activated the Taser. He continued to give the suspect commands to put his hands behind his back; however, the suspect refused to comply with the commands.
As Deputy continued to reach out, in an attempt to grab the suspect's exposed right hand, he heard the sound of footsteps rapidly approaching. As Deputy began to look up and assess the possible threat approaching him, he saw a black boot strike the suspect's head with a kick. The kick struck the suspect in his upper-left forehead, near his left eyebrow. Deputy described the kick as a "thrust" and "quick jab" kick that did not appear to be powerful (Transcript, page 17). Deputy noticed the person who threw the kick was Deputy Chavez, who had not said anything before throwing the kick.
After throwing a single kick, Deputy Chavez squatted down above the suspect's head and placed his right hand on the top of the back of the suspect's head. Deputy did not see what Deputy Chavez did with his hand or if he stuck the suspect because his concentration was on the suspect's uncontrolled right hand and maintaining control of his deployed Taser (Transcript, pages 18-19).
While still in a position along the suspect's right side, Deputy observed as the suspect reached up with his right hand and touched his face. The suspect ceased his resistance and allowed Deputy to grab ahold of his right wrist and guide his right

	c. The suspect's left wrist was already handcuffed, allowing Deputy te the handcuffing process while Deputy held the suspect's back.
After the suspect wa	as handcuffed, Deputy sat the suspect against the wall.  ummoned to the location to treat a bleeding injury near the suspect's
Deputy imm Sergeant Pulido.	nediately reported his involvement in the use-of-force incident to
surveillance footage restaurant and the to Deputy the did not see	IAB interview, he was given the opportunity to view video a from inside the restaurant that captured his entrance into the use-of-force. After viewing the video, Deputy observed rowing several punches at the suspect in his presence. Deputy those punches being thrown because he was focused on holstering loying his Taser when the punches were thrown.
IAB Note:	During Deputy IAB interview, he drew a diagram of where he observed the suspect run and his route of travel during this incident [Exhibit I].
WITNESS STATEN	MENTS:
WITNESS	
Station Sergeants Nation took place inside the	Witness was interviewed on video recording by Industry Michael Foster, # and Cong Ha, # The interview e kitchen of the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant shortly after the use-ofness was employed as a for the D.J. Bibingkahan ne of the incident.
the suspect ran into the counter and did not observe any use	the suspect run inside the restaurant, followed by two deputies. As the kitchen, Witness was engaged in helping a customer at not see what occurred inside the kitchen area. Witness did e-of-force by deputies but eventually saw blood on the suspect's he floor in the kitchen after the incident.
IAB Note:	Witness could be seen on the restaurant surveillance video wearing a black baseball-style hat, black t-shirt, and green apron. Witness was standing near the cash register, facing away from Suspect Dukes and deputies during the use-of-force incident.
WITNESS	

Station Sergeants F D.J. Bibingkahan re	oster and Ha. The in	terviewed on video recording by Industry terview took place inside the kitchen of the the use-of-force incident. Witness was least.
ran away froi Witness did r	m that area, toward the	the kitchen area of the restaurant. Witness are buffet area because he was scared. of-force between deputies and the suspect.  observed the suspect lying on the floor
IAB Note:	video wearing a bla pants, and a green surveillance video a yellow mop bucket	Id be seen on the restaurant surveillance ick baseball-style hat, blue t-shirt, black apron. IAB investigators reviewed the and observed Witness moving a near where the suspect was lying when d force on the suspect.
recorded follow-up i Witness conf during the use-of-fo	firmed he was the per rce incident. Witness	at the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant. son in the kitchen moving the mop bucket
He did not hear the		serving food to two customers at the counter, i; however, he heard the suspect screaming, he deputies.
WITNESS	<u> </u>	
_	oster and Ha inside t e incident. Witness	was interviewed on video by Industry he D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant kitchen shortly is an employee of the D.J.
Witness	directed his atte	eard shouting at the front door of the restaurant ention toward the restaurant surveillance video the suspect ran into the restaurant's kitchen
	v two deputies "push" e suspect was lying or	
IAB Note:	Witness	demonstrated the right-leg kick he

## observed Deputy Chavez deliver to Suspect Dukes' head during his video-recorded interview [Exhibit F/Disc 2].

floor. Witness	said the suspect was not fighting with deputies and was not attract deputies controlled the suspect by "pinning him down" on the said he was standing approximately 20 feet away from the witnessed the use-of-force.
IAB Note:	Witness could be seen on the restaurant surveillance video wearing a green baseball-style hat, white t-shirt, and blue jean pants. IAB investigators reviewed the surveillance video and observed that Witness stood near the office door inside the kitchen and was approximately 45 feet away from the incident during the use-of-force.
IAB Note:	Witness provided Industry Station sergeants a copy of the video surveillance footage prior to being interviewed about his observations.
Witness restaurant after the	recalled that two deputies escorted the suspect out of the suspect was handcuffed.
WITNESS	
On June 29, 2020, Rose and Is each of Witness	inside the kitchen of the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant. Witness mployed as a forthe D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant and the
was sitting near the observed the susperunning, Witness face, nor did Witness Dukes was yelling,	was working at the restaurant. He door that connects the kitchen to the restaurant area when he act run inside the restaurant's kitchen area. As Suspect Dukes was did not see any bruises or blood on Suspect Dukes' see anything in Suspect Dukes' hands. Suspect "Somebody help, somebody help!" Witness did not than Suspect Dukes yelling.
observed a deputy deputy "kicked" and recalled that	said he was in a state of "shock" as the incident unfolded. As and the restroom in the kitchen area, he observed a deputy (Deputy suspect. Witness saw two deputies (Deputies attempt to get the suspect to lay on the floor. Witness punch the suspect on the right side of the suspect's torso. The "punched" until the suspect laid on the floor. Witness the suspect was not fighting with the deputies; however, the shouted something to the effect of, "Let me go!" and "I can't breathe"

T	ranscript, pages 6-7).
Witness and "put your hand:	heard deputies order the suspect to "lay down on the ground" s on the back" several times (Transcript, page 7).
suspect from the side was already handouright leg to kick the fighting. His hands	on the floor, a third deputy (Deputy Chavez) approached the de and kicked him in the head. Witness believed the suspect uffed when the deputy kicked the suspect. Deputy Chavez used his suspect once on the left side of his face. The suspect was not were behind his back, and appeared to be doing "nothing" when ked him in the face Transcript, pages 8-9).
IAB Note:	During Witness IIII IAB interview, he referred to the suspect as being "chained" behind the back by deputies. IAB investigators showed him a set of handcuffs, and Witness clarified the handcuffs were what he was referring to as chains.
Witness back of the suspect Transcript	saw Deputy Chavez transition into a kneeling position, grab the 's head, and push the suspect's face into the floor one time , page 12).
said	ver saw the suspect punch or kick deputy personnel. Witness he was "really close," approximately ten feet away from the use-of-he observed the suspect and deputies' actions.
IAB Note:	Witness could be seen on the restaurant surveillance video wearing a red/maroon t-shirt, blue jean pants, and sandals. IAB investigators reviewed the surveillance video, and observed during the use-of-force incident, Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be looking in the suspect and deputies' direction. Witness appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be looking in the suspect and deputies' direction. Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be standing next to Witness was inside the kitchen and appeared to be looking in the suspect and deputies' direction.
the suspect's face.	ce incident concluded, Witness observed blood on Witness attributed the injury to the suspect's face to by Deputy Chavez.
Witness two witnesses in the	said he and his (Witness were the only e kitchen during the use-of-force incident.
	was asked by deputies and sergeants after the use-of-force sed the force, but he told them he did not. He denied witnessing the se he was scared and did not want to go to court.

|--|

On August 24, 2020, IAB Sergeant Michael Rose conducted an audio recorded telephonic interview with Witness Witness is a physician assistant and worked at the Queen of the Valley Hospital's emergency room on June 27, 2020.

The suspect was taken to the emergency room by deputies for medical clearance for booking. The suspect told hospital staff he was kicked on the side of the head by law enforcement during his arrest. Deputies at the hospital told Witness that the suspect was involved in a use-of-force with deputies, but no details were given.

Witness said her notes indicated Suspect Dukes sustained a

The suspect was not treated for any other injury, but he did have "neurological" complaints. The suspect refused an eye exam and other treatment.

Witness said the suspect's laceration was consistent with being kicked in the head. Witness also opined it would be slightly easier to sustain a laceration injury in the same place a person has suffered a similar injury in the past.

#### **SUSPECT STATEMENTS:**

Internal Affairs Bureau investigators and/or Industry Station sergeants interviewed the suspect. The following is a summary of their recorded interviews. For more detailed information and precise wording, see the attached verbatim interview transcriptions.

#### SUSPECT RANDY DUKES:

On June 27, 2020, Suspect Dukes was briefly interviewed by Industry Station Sergeant Foster while in a patrol vehicle's back seat. The interview was video recorded and took place in the parking lot of the D.J. Bibingkahan restaurant.

The suspect told Sergeant Foster he was supposed to talk to an investigator, but was "mislead" and "set-up" by a deputy. As he was about to get "apprehended," he ran from the deputies. After running into a restaurant, he was "dropped" to the floor and apprehended. A deputy kicked and kneed him in the face and punched him a couple of times.

Suspect Dukes complained of a laceration to his face, above his left eyebrow. He denied any other injury and confirmed he was treated by a paramedic on-scene.

On June 28, 2020, IAB Sergeants Michael Rose and interviewed the suspect at Industry Station inside a booking cell. The interview was audio and video recorded.

Suspect Dukes said his contacted him on June 27, 2020, and told him a deputy
showed up at his house. The deputy told the suspect's that the suspect had
until the end of the day to contact him, or they would "raid" the house. The deputy
requested the suspect call him at a phone number he provided the suspect's
After receiving his message, the suspect called the deputy, who only identified
himself as an investigator with the Sheriff's Department. The deputy told the suspect he
would not be arrested and he only wanted a statement from him. The suspect agreed
to meet with the deputy at a McDonald's restaurant on Amar Road and Azusa Avenue
in West Covina because he did not have anything to "worry about on his record" and
wanted to comply. The deputy told the suspect he would be in a gray Dodge pickup
truck. Two minutes before arriving at the McDonald's, the suspect called the deputy.
The deputy indicated he was inside the McDonald's getting something to drink. Shortly
after, Suspect Dukes' girlfriend dropped him off at the McDonald's. After arriving,
Suspect Dukes attempted to call the deputy several times; however, the deputy never
answered his phone.

Approximately four minutes after being dropped off, the suspect observed black and white patrol cars in the area and became "paranoid." The suspect walked north across Amar Road to the Walgreen's parking lot. He was approached by a deputy in a patrol car, who pulled the passenger side of the vehicle alongside of him as he walked. The deputy quickly opened his door and began to exit his vehicle. Suspect Dukes heard the deputy say, "Hey, hey," but he could not clearly hear the deputy's commands because he was adjacent to a busy intersection. Fearing he would be arrested and taken to jail, the suspect immediately ran east across Azusa Avenue from the Walgreen's parking lot. The suspect did not see the deputy run after him and believed the deputy who tried to stop him got back into his patrol vehicle.

The suspect ran across Azusa Avenue and into a 76 gas station parking lot. He heard the sound of patrol cars maneuvering in the area and believed the deputies were attempting to apprehend him. The suspect continued to run east along Amar Road and ran inside of a restaurant in an attempt to run out the back door of the restaurant. The suspect first noticed two deputies chasing him as he ran through the restaurant. He continued to run through the restaurant in an attempt to find the back door. The suspect ran into the kitchen, where he was unsuccessful in locating an exit door. As a deputy approached him, he told the deputy, "I'm going to cooperate." The suspect knew he was "caught" and decided to voluntarily put his hands up and lie down on the floor (Dukes Transcript, page 4). The deputies did not have to force him to the floor because he willingly turned away from deputies, dropped to his knees, and went to the floor.

While on the floor, one of the first two deputies that approached him threw a knee to the right side of his head. He felt the impact to his head coming from the right side of his body from the deputy who had control of one of his hands (**Dukes Transcript**, **page 10**). The suspect heard the two deputies commanding him to "stop resisting," but the suspect maintained he "wasn't resisting at all" and was having trouble breathing.

The suspect recalled the initial impact he felt to his head came from the right side, but he did not see what impacted him. The impact felt "too big to be a fist" (Dukes Transcript, page 12). The suspect turned his head to the left, and another deputy kicked him in the face. The suspect said he was "cooperating" and putting his hands behind his back when he was struck in the face (Dukes Transcript, pages 4, 11). The suspect told the deputies, "I'm cooperating," and "I can't breathe." The suspect said he was having difficulty breathing because he was overweight and out of shape.

After being kicked in the face, the suspect said the deputy who kicked him "grabbed" his head with both of his hands and pushed his head to the floor (Dukes Transcript, page 6). The suspect was not entirely sure if the laceration to his head was caused by the kick to his face or his head being pushed to the floor. His head impacted the floor in the same spot he received the laceration and subsequent stitches. He did not feel "nothing" open up after he was kicked, but as soon as his head was pushed to the floor, he instantly saw blood everywhere (Dukes Transcript, page 6).

The suspect was sure the same deputy who initially attempted to stop him in the Walgreen's parking lot was the same deputy who kicked him in the head and pushed his face to the floor.

The suspect believed he was kicked two times during the incident, but only saw a deputy kick him once. He could not recall if or how many times deputies punched him during the incident. He recalled "hits" to the back of his head during the use-of-force incident (**Dukes Transcript**, **page 6**).

The suspect maintained he never resisted or fought with deputies once they approached him inside the restaurant. He made every attempt to comply and cooperate with deputies because he knew he was "caught" and resisting would not be worthwhile.

The suspect recalled after being handcuffed, he was escorted outside the restaurant and treated by paramedics. He was eventually placed into a patrol car, where a sergeant took pictures and a video of him.

The suspect told IAB investigators he had not consumed alcohol in years. The suspect acknowledged he smoked a cigar containing 3.5 grams of Indica marijuana before the incident. He denied using any other type of narcotics prior to the incident, including methamphetamine or prescription pills. The suspect denied having ever been diagnosed with any psychological disorders or taking any psychotropic medication.

The suspect denied having any preexisting injuries. He mentioned when he was six or seven years old, he received a scar in the same location he was injured during this use-of-force incident (above his left eyebrow).

After the use-of-force incident, the suspect was transported to a hospital and treated for his laceration. The doctor told him he received six or seven stitches. He was not treated for any other injury, nor did he complain of other injuries to the hospital's medical

staff. The suspect denied having suffered any other injury, as a result, of this incident.

IAB Note:

During Suspect Dukes' IAB interview, he drew a diagram of where deputies contacted him in the Walgreen's parking lot and the route he fled from deputies to get to the restaurant [Exhibit J].

The suspect concluded his IAB interview by stating he understood the deputies' jobs; however, he believed they did not have to "use that much force," and that he was "complying" with the deputies (Dukes Transcript, page 23).

investigators to take a photograph of his cellphone call log from phone number from the same phone number written on his hand with a black marker [Miscellaneous documents].

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

IAB investigators reviewed restaurant surveillance footage and determined only two customers were inside the restaurant at the time of the use-of-force incident. The customers left the location prior to being identified or interviewed by Industry Station supervisors. The video showed the customers in the dining area at the time the use-of-force incident; however, the video appeared to show they did not have a view inside the kitchen area where the use-of-force occurred.

IAB investigators obtained the MDC administrative messages from the involved employees on June 27, 2020. At 5:34 p.m., Deputy Chavez typed Deputy Banuelos, "He's 10 out." At 5:38 p.m., Deputy Banuelos typed Deputies and Chavez, "Going off Grandview and Wtizman." Finally, at 6:04 p.m., Deputy Chavez typed an uninvolved Industry Station unit, "Thanks sir, I am sitting on my victor suspect right now, gonna see If he moves." All other MDC communication was irrelevant to this Force Review investigation [Exhibit F/Disc 2].

Involved Employee Deputy Daily Worksheets, Incident History Reports, and Unit Details records were obtained by IAB investigators and included within this Force Review investigation [Miscellaneous Documents].

An Industry Station PM in-service, along with a "Summer No-Call Unit Roster," for June 27, 2020, were included within this Force Review investigation [Miscellaneous Documents].

IAB investigators obtained the Involved Employee's California Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) training records [Miscellaneous Documents].

An IAB investigator obtained inmate call records for the suspect using the Inmate Telephone Monitoring System (ITMS). The suspect made six phone calls between the time he was booked at Industry Station and was transferred to court. The suspect's first telephone call was on June 30, 2020, three days after the use-of-force incident and after he had been interviewed by IAB investigators. All the calls made during that period, were made to his mother. They contained no novel information related to this use-of-force incident. The majority of the calls contained unremarkable or irrelevant content **[Exhibit F/Disc 2]**.